

## **Contactless Mobile Thermometer**

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### **ABSTRACT**

In the existing scenario, social distancing needs to be accompanied to keep away from spreading of virus. One of the signs of COVID-19 patient's is excessive frame temperature. While conventional thermometers can't ensure of social distancing, as a result we're growing a contactless thermometer that can show temperature the use of Arduino Nano as the principle manage tool in addition to MLX90614 because the infrared (IR) thermometer sensor. This undertaking is meant to increase a clever Bluetooth-primarily based totally contactless thermometer with thermal screening functionality delivered to our phones.

As compared to that of a conventional thermometer, this has sturdy factors like being handy for us to read, having extensive variety for temperature dimension, and feature accuracy wherein the temperature is displayed in virtual manner. Also its very clean to address and may be used anywhere.

***Keywords—IR, Thermometer, Arduino Nano, Contactless thermometer, MLX90614***

### **I. INTRODUCTION**

Since the outbreak of COVID-19, conditions have modified drastically. Especially human's fitness situations. Monitoring human frame temperature is truly an crucial factor in that. It has end up crucial to frequently reveal the human frame temperature with out coming in touch with the measuring tool. This manner we will locate the inflamed individual quick and the measuring tool is likewise secure to reuse. Although we can not forestall ourselves from going to one-of-a-kind locations completely, we will truly ensure that vital precautions are accompanied. These days while we go to any area like a public amassing it's not unusual place to test each character's frame temperature as a safety measure in checking for fever. In this accordance we employ a Thermometer. But a ordinary thermometer does now no longer meet the desires of all of the situations which might be wished as precautionary at this scenario.

Here is wherein a Contactless Mobile Thermometer comes into picture. This is not only very simple for us to build but it is also very easy for anyone to handle. There is definitely a lot of demand for this product in our current market because along with the normal thermometer's feat

uresitalsohasmany other unique features which are newly built. Any othercontactless thermometer makes use of components like an IRtemperature sensor, microcontroller, display and the battery.OurcontactlessthermometerisaimedtoreducecostbuttheIR temperature sensor which we use (MLX90614) is quiteexpensive. Here an analog sensor can be a cheaper alternative.But building and calibrating the device won't be easy. Withthat we are left with a Microcontroller, Display and Battery.An Android phone can make the best alternative to all thesethree components together. Almost every individual owns abasicsmartphone.Usingthebasicfeaturesofthemobileand creating an android application which can communicatewith our thermometer we can make greater benefits out ofit. We can also perform activities like data logging and imagecapturingwiththis.Withthistheworkisalsodonefasterand can also increase the potential application by immediatelysharing the results with pictures on WhatsApp, E-mail, or anyotherpreferredplatform.

## **II. LITERATURE REVIEW**

### **A. Objective**

Nowadays leaving domestic with out taking right precautions is risky as there are probabilities people getting inflamed via way of means of a coronavirus. Social distance is one of the precautionary measures we want to observe to save you the similarly unfold of the disease. Laboratory researches have discovered that the frame temperature of someone who has been tormented by the virus is excessive [1], as a consequence we want to constantly revealour frame temperature. The mercury-primarily based totally thermometers or virtual thermometers degree our temperature while they may be in touch with our skin. Using such thermometers throughout a deadly disease is risky and now no longer hygiene. Therefore we want a tool that measures your temperature with none bodily touch with the thermometer. Regular temperature exams in schools, hospitals, airports, offices, and so on are beneficial to enhance the accuracy, and maintaining the music of those temperatures might be beneficial to test whether or not we've a fever or now no longer.[4] Some research advise that environmental temperatures and humidity price will increase the transmission of covid-19. This undertaking targets to degree frame temperature with out human touch to forestall the unfold of the disease. It facilitates us to test our frame temperature and as a consequence shall we us recognize whether or not we've any feverish signs. The updates and alert messages concerning the found temperature might be given to the user.[5] In case of large-scale use, like an organization, the in-fee individual might be dispatched information of the individual having feverish signs. The tool may be used at domestic or in a scientific environment. It offers consequences inside seconds and lets in dimension from a distance of one to 5cm. Infants are in particular at risk of excessive frame temperatures, which can also characterize an contamination or disease. Different thermometers were advanced over time, every with a one-of-a-kind stage of accuracy relying on the producing generation. Furthermore , as information garage generation advances, the switch of information which include important signs, in addition to the opportunity of updating this information, have to be addressed.

Thermometry become deliberate and advanced on this have a look at with on-line monitoring and SMS alerts. The use of conventional touch temperature detectors which include

thermocouples or RTDs (Resistance Temperature Detectors) hasn't constantly confirmed to be the high-quality approach for acquiring the preferred result. When thermocouples and RTDs aren't used cautiously in closed environments, they are able to file the ambient temperature in preference to the temperature of the product beneath investigation.[2]How These gadgets are used to over- come the demanding situations of acquiring hard measurements the use of state-of-the-art electronics and present day software program innovations. The use of non touch temperature dimension gadgets has end up crucial because of a number of the equal demands. Using the capabilities, the information series network has been capable of accumulate beneficial information that become formerly hard, if now no longer impossible, to obtain. Despite those realities, this promising new generation calls for a brilliant deal of warning earlier than it could be positioned to excellent use. The use of a Non-touch thermometer isn't a easy answer however as an alternative one the necessitates an intensive expertise of infrared dimension principle in addition to the fabric beneath observation. [2] How infrared radiation works is that every one items above absolute 0 emit infrared radiation strength into area constantly. The power of the object's infrared radiant strength and its floor temperature are carefully related. As a result, the floor temperature may be exactly decided via way of means of calculating the infrared radiant strength of the fabric. Theoretically, infrared thermometry is primarily based totally on this.

### **III . PROBLEM STATEMENT**

To layout, increase and put in force a Contactless Mobile Thermometer to degree frame temperature with out human touch that is used nearly anywhere because of pandemic situations. Also utilized in regions like troubleshooting engine troubles, for electric powered maintenance, to test meals quality, stopping gadget failure from peculiar temperature and so on.

### **IV . DESIGN METHODOLOGY**

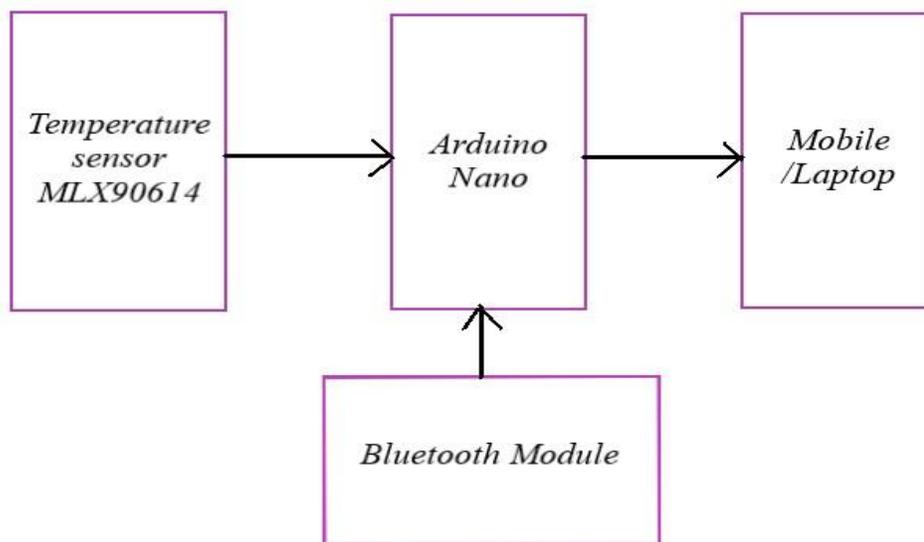
TheprojectmainlyincludesanIRtemperaturesensorwhichconsists of photodetectors. These photodetectors receives theinfrared energy which emitted from an object and convertsthem into electrical signal. These signals in turn interacts withArduino and they are programmed to display the temperatureof the object on LED display/mobile. The application builthelps us record the temperature of the users and maintain thedatabase.Apersonwhoissuspectedtohavefeverareaskedtosubmitiftheyareshowinganysymptoms ofCOVID-

19.Ifyes,thentheyareaskedtotheirlocationhistorysothatallthoseplacescanbesanitizedandthepeoplenearbyareadvisedtonotgotothoseareastillnecessarymeasuresaretaken.Aftersanitizationpeoplearenotified.

- Connectionsaremadeasshowninthecircuitdiagram.
- ArduinoisprogrammedwiththehelpofArduinoIDE.
- Using MIT App Inventor, we connect Bluetooth moduleHC-05withoursmartphone.Wemeasurethetemperatureoftheobjectwhichdisplaysonourapp'sscreen.

- Normal human body temperature is 97°F (36.1°C) to 99°F (37.2°C). If the temperature is above/below the normal range, the user is notified and is asked to fill any irregular symptoms.
- The user has been given a choice whether he wants to share this information with his contacts/everyone. If the user agrees to share, all the people he mentions will receive a message and thus they can take precautions.

One of the important components of this project is an MLX90614 which is a Non contact temperature sensor. The output from this sensor is connected to Arduino Nano which prints the temperature on the smartphone. So no need for external power because the Arduino and sensor will take power from a smartphone.



**Fig 1. Block Diagram Of Contactless Mobile Thermometer**

## **V . HARDWARE SPECIFICATIONS AND IMPLEMENTATION**

### ***MLX90614 IR Temperature sensor***

The MLX90614 is a non-contact IR Temperature Sensor used for measuring the temperature of any object

with specific temperature range. It has very high precision and accuracy, hence it's used in a wider range of health care, commercial application, and household applications like body temperature measurement, temperature monitoring, and many more. We measure the temperature of the body and often get measurements that significantly vary in 0.5°C. Temperatures measured by an IR thermometer will be the temperature of the clothing and not the skin temperature hence another issue with clothes that has to be considered. But IR measurements are true surface temperature measurements Working Principle of MLX90614: By concentrating the infrared energy emitted by an object on photodetectors, they convert that energy into an electrical signal which is proportional to the infrared energy emitted by the object. The function of this sensor is to control the internal state machine, which in turn helps in

controlling the measurements and calculations of the object's ambient temperatures and does the processing of the temperatures to output results through the PWM interface. Based on results, that is, measurements the object temperatures ( $T_o$ ) and ambient temperature ( $T_a$ ) are calculated. The results of the IR temperature sensor's strength are increased by a low offset and noise amplifier with resultant gain, converted by an SDM to an SBS, and fed to a DSP for further processing. In the final process of the measurement cycle, the measured  $T_a$  and  $T_o$  are readjusted to the desired output, the recalculated data is loaded in the registers of the PWM state machine, which creates a constant frequency with a duty cycle representing the measured data. The main feature of this sensor is that it has high accuracy. So it can be used in industries to measure the temperature of moving objects. The MLX90614 sensor can measure the temperature of an object without any physical contact with it. So the MLX90614 sensor can calculate the temperature of an object by measuring the amount of IR energy emitted from it. It consists of two devices embedded in it as a single sensor, one is a sensing unit and the other device acts as a processing unit. The sensing unit is called MLX81101 which senses the temperature and the processing unit is called MLX90302 (Single Conditioning ASSP) which converts the signal from the sensor to digital value and communicates using I2C protocol. The sensor requires no external components and can be directly interfaced with a microcontroller. It can be directly used to power the sensor (5V) can be used. The capacitor C is used to provide optimum EMC and filter noise. The MLX90302 is a low noise amplifier with 17-bit ADC and a powerful DSP that helps the sensor to have high accuracy and resolution.

Connections:

1. Connect a negative wire to common ground.
2. Connect POWER to the power supply.
3. Connect the SCL pin to the I2C clock SCL pin on the Arduino board.
4. Connect the SDA pin to the I2C data SDA pin in the Arduino board.
5. Specifications:
6. Operating Voltage: 3.6V to 5V
7. Supply Current: 1.5mA
8. Object Temperature Range:  $-70^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $382.2^{\circ}\text{C}$

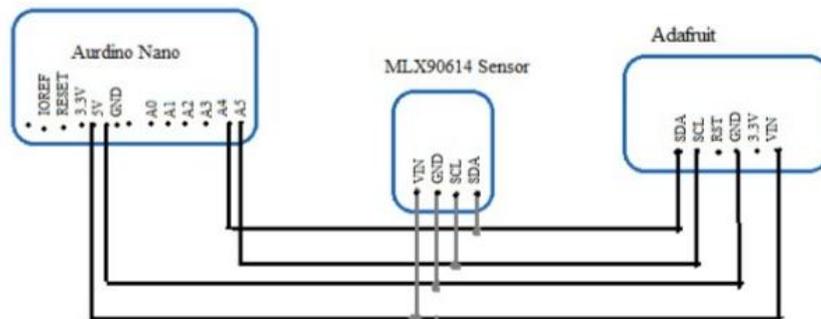
### *Arduino Nano*

The small size of the Arduino Nano makes it differ from the other Arduinos. Its size makes it suitable for mini projects. It also supports breadboards as it can be plugged with other components in only one breadboard. Here we make use of ATmega168 Microcontroller which is a low-power CMOS 8-bit microcontroller based on the AVR-enhanced RISC architecture. They are a 32x8 General Purpose Working Registers with fully static operation. It has a Single Clock Cycle Execution and also an advanced RISC Architecture. Its other main features mainly include: Non-volatile Memory Segments, a two 8-bit Timer/Counters with Separate Pre-scaler and Compare Mode, one 16-bit Timer/Counter which has separate Pre-scaler, Compare Mode, and Capture Mode, Real Time Counter which contains a separate Oscillator; it has six PWM Channels along with 10-bit ADC of 8 channel in the TQFP and QFN/MLF package.

Features:

1. It has 8 General Purpose Working Registers
2. Fully Static Operation

3. SingleClockCycleExecution
4. AdvancedRISCArchitecture
5. Non-volatileMemorySegments
6. Two8-bitTimerandCounters,italsohasSeparateCompareModeandpre-scalar
7. RealTimeCounterwithSeparateOscillator
8. SixPWMChannels
9. ithas8-channeland10-bitADCpackage



CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

Fig 2. Circuit Diagram Of Contactless Mobile Thermometer

## VI. SOFTWARE SPECIFICATIONS

### Arduino IDE

It's a software which is used for writing, compiling, editing and uploading the code in the Arduino Device. This software is an open source and hence almost all Arduino modules are compatible with this software.

Arduino IDE features can be: It's a software which is used for writing, compiling, editing and uploading the code in the Arduino Device. This software is an open source hence almost all Arduino modules are compatible with this software. The Arduino Integrated Development Environment is a software tool used to program Arduino boards, it is developed through java programming. Arduino Software (IDE) is open source through which we can easily write and upload it to the board. It can run on most of the operating system. This tool is written in java and other open source tools. We can also use Arduino with Python or any other high-level programming language, platforms like Arduino work well with Python, especially for applications that require integration with sensors and other physical devices. Arduino IDE is defined as:

Its software supports C and C++ languages.

Arduino software helps in making code compilation easy so that anyone with no prior technical knowledge can start to code

This is easily available for operating systems like MAC, Windows, Linux and also runs on the Java Platform. These have functions and commands that are built within and are important for debugging, editing and compiling the code in that particular environment.

A wider range of Arduino modules are available, which includes : Arduino Uno, Arduino Mega, Arduino Leonardo, Arduino Micro

All Arduino modules, contains a microcontroller on the board that is actually programmed and accepts the information in the form of code.

The IDE consists of two sections which are termed as compiler and editor. These are used for the purposes of writing, compilation and updating of the codes into the respective module.

The main code, also known as a sketch, created on the IDE platform will ultimately generate a Hex . The files are later transferred and uploaded into the controller of the board.

### ***MIT App Inventor***

MIT App Inventor is an app used to design mobile applications. The components are dragged and dropped into a design view with the help of visual blocks language by the user to program the required application. This interface includes two main editors, the design editor and the blocks editor. The designer has a facility of "drag and drop" interface for laying out the elements. The blocks editor is a part which helps the app inventors to visually layout the logic of their apps. This can be done using the color-coded blocks which snap together just like the puzzle pieces which can describe the program. In order to make the development and testing easy, the App Inventor provides a mobile app called Companion. This app helps the developers in testing and adjusting the behavior of their app as per the requirements of their application. With this any mobile app can be built quickly by anyone and also iterating and testing can be done immediately.

### ***Bluetooth Module***

We all know that we need Bluetooth, a network, or Wi-Fi to use modern technology. But the usage of Bluetooth is preferred over that of Wi-Fi. Here we will be making use of the HC-05 Bluetooth model. This will act as a switch and will help in the process of sending and receiving the data. Select the HC-05 which is a 1.0 version of the Bluetooth module. The module will try connecting, and once the connection is done the body temperature will be displayed on our mobile screen. The history of the readings taken is sorted and collected for further use and a person can monitor him/herself with this. (HC-05) Bluetooth module works for Arduino and other microcontrollers. Its Operating Voltage is b/w 4v to 7V, it requires a current of up to 30mA and its Range lies around 100m. It uses the FHSS technique and can operate in Master or Slave mode. The module can be interfaced with Mobile phones and computers. HC-05 communicates by using USART @ 9600 baud rate, hence it makes the way easy to interface with any microcontroller that supports USART.

We can also configure the default values of the module by using the command mode. We can indeed use this to communicate between two or more microcontrollers like Arduino nano, uno, or communicate with any device with Bluetooth functionality like a Phone or Laptop. We can easily pair up the HC-05 module with microcontrollers because it operates using the Serial Port Protocol (SPP).

Operating Modes:

Data mode- In this, we can send and receive data from other Bluetooth devices.

AT Command mode- here the default device settings will be modified.

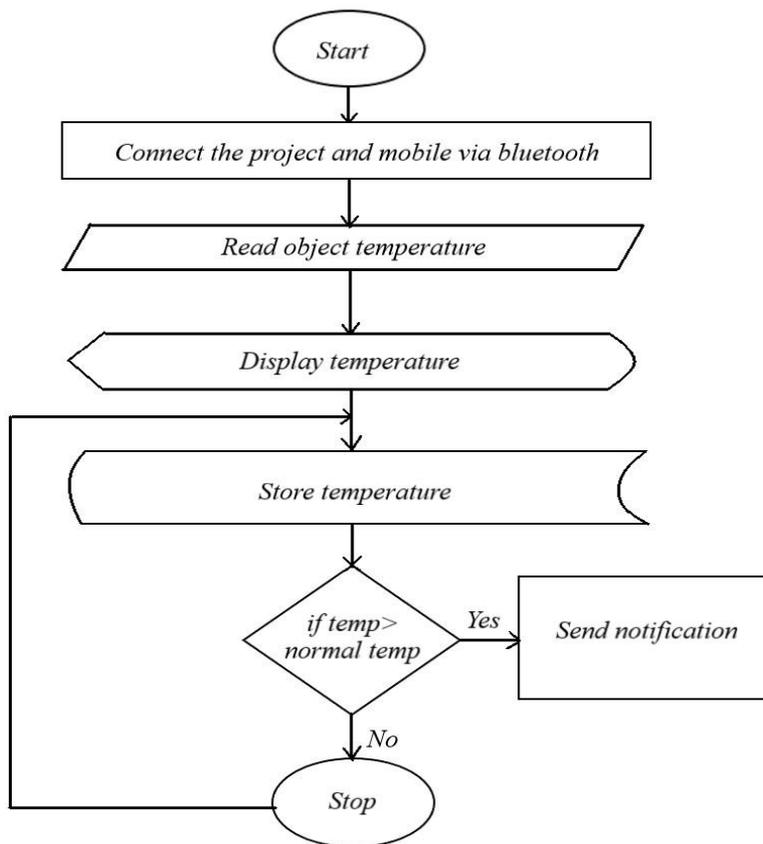
## **VII . SOFTWARE IMPLEMENTATION**

### ***MITAppInventorAlgorithm***

1. Creating an account in the MIT app inventor.
2. Click on the new project and name the title. There are two sections designer and block. Drag and drop all the necessary components from the palette column on the phone screen.
3. Designing the App (Designer): Make changes in the properties as per requirement. From media drag and drop the option of your choice. We can customize the palette components as per the user needs.
4. Blocks Editor - click on the buttons which appear based on your choices and select from the list as per requirements. Drag and drop the buttons in the working area and type the text. Here we code the Bluetooth module HC-05 to connect to our smartphone and also display the temperature on our mobile.
5. Connect to phone Download the MIT AI Companion app on your phone.
6. Select the connect and use AI Companion options on the screen.
7. Scan the QR code or type the code which connects your phone and creates an application. Things on the application can be seen on the phone.
8. NOTE: MIT App Inventor has a guide option which clearly explains the working of the application

### ***ARDUINO IDE ALGORITHM***

1. First download the Arduino Software (IDE), then choose the components that are to be installed. Choose the installation directory i.e. set the path. The process will extract and install all the required files to the system so that it executes properly and the Arduino Software (IDE) continues with the instructions that are specified by board.
2. We can write Arduino code by downloading MLX90624 library from Arduino IDE by selecting Adafruit MLX90614 library from manage libraries option.
3. Create setup function and we need to set some baud rate value to Bluetooth.
4. Create loop function and read sensor readings.
5. Pass them to serial println function so that the readings are transferred to Bluetooth module.



**Fig 3. Flowchart Of Working Contactless Mobile Thermometer**

## VIII. CONCLUSION

The layout of the thermometer facilitates us degree the frame temperature with dependable information. It's low energy layout and lengthy battery existence permits us to apply the version for an extended time. The accuracy of this thermometer is nearly just like the prevailing thermometers. Gone are the times wherein the conventional thermometers have been enough for assembly humans' desires. Now, we've additionally witnessed fitness troubles that want most care. Advanced generation can assist us with this motive. The thermometers are being improvised each day. It's clean to apply as new functions are implemented. This concept of a Contactless Mobile Thermometer is one such step closer to growing some thing one-of-a-kind from the already gift thermometers. The motive is to attain out to all agencies of humans and assist them take a look at their frame circumstance appropriately and honestly via way of means of using a cellular which could be very usually utilized by every body those days. Along with this, the existing situations do now no longer guide the reuse of thermometers, as we won't be privy to each character's fitness circumstance with whom we are available touch. Thus the idea of contactless performs a key function in maintaining ourselves secure. Health is wealth and looking after ourselves is our responsibility. Precautionary measures on the initial stage could make a brilliant deal in warding off extreme situations like that of COVID-19. Thus checking our

frame temperature frequently is crucial. Keeping music of non-normal situations also are beneficial for tracking destiny fitness situations.

## IX . RESULT ANALYSIS

By building this corresponding project several tests will be conducted to evaluate the real-time performance of the system. An experiment will be carried out in which few patients from the hospital will be taken into the picture and test the temperature and tabulate them. Then perform the same temperature test for the patients in the same hospital using the regular analog method and tabulate the same. Then a detailed performance comparison would be performed to ensure the working of the digital thermometer. A detailed graph of temperature versus the time delay is plotted and the corresponding analysis is explained in the graph.

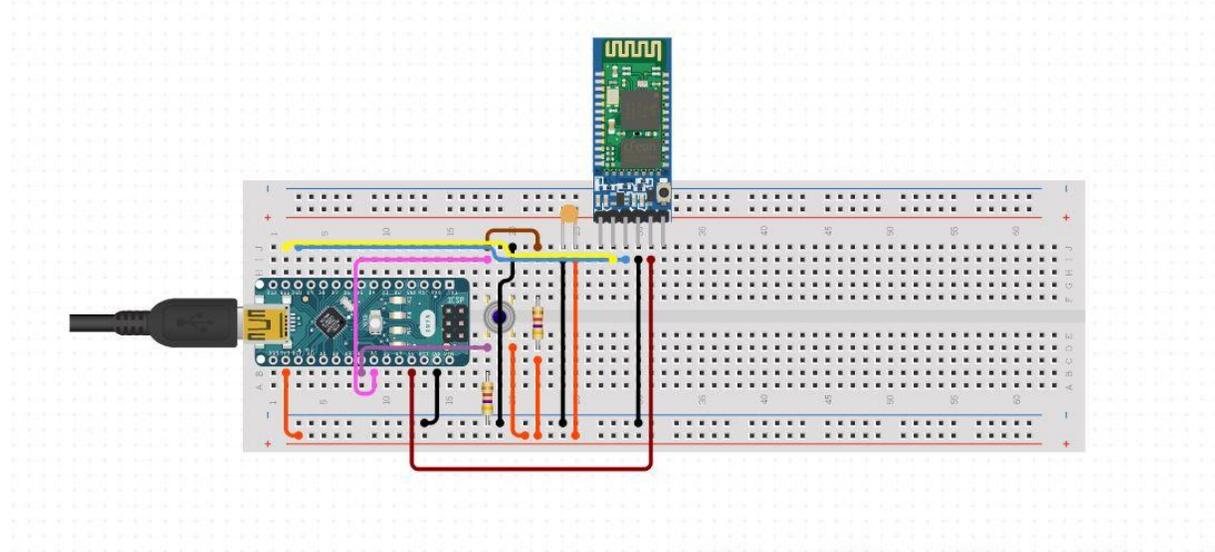


Fig 4. Connections

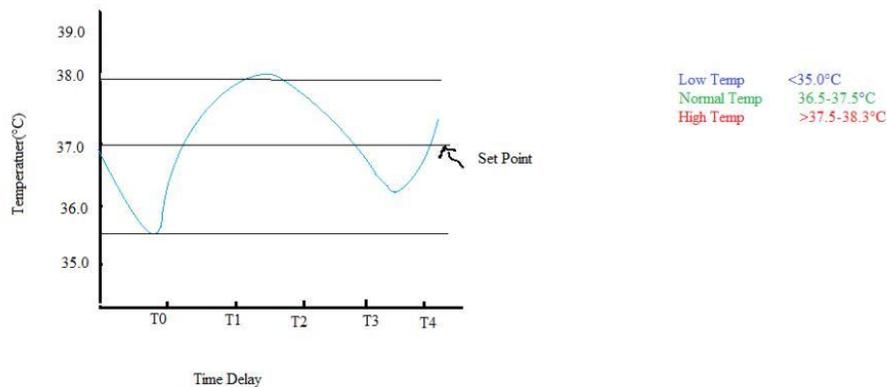


Fig 5. Graph

## **X. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

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